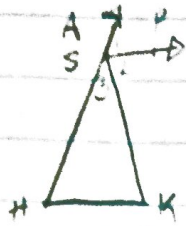


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given: $\triangle ASK$ is isos w/ $\angle S$ as vertex
 $\overline{SP} \parallel \overline{HK}$

write a 5 step "proof"

* want the new info to work together

$\triangle ASK$ is isos w/ $\angle S$ as vertex \rightarrow given

$\rightarrow \angle H \cong \angle K \rightarrow$ isos \triangle has \cong base \angle 's

$\overline{SP} \parallel \overline{HK} \rightarrow$ given

$\rightarrow \angle 2 \cong \angle K \rightarrow$ alt. int. \cong when lines are \parallel

* only use given a reason if it's actually given

* combination steps \rightarrow taking multiple lines and using them together to get new info.

$\angle 2 \cong \angle H \rightarrow$ both \cong to $\angle K$

when 2 things are $=$ or \cong to a mutual 3rd thing

$\angle H \cong \angle K$ tells $\angle 2 \cong \angle H$
 $\angle 2 \cong \angle K$ you

* transitive property

If these 2 statements are true:

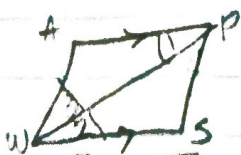
$AB + BC = AC$
 and

$BC = EF$

you can say:

$AB + EF = AC$

substitution property



given: $\overline{AP} \parallel \overline{WS}$
 \overline{PW} bisects $\angle AWS$

5 step "proof"

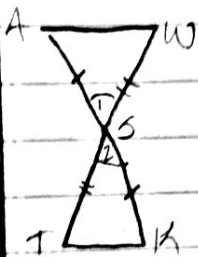
$\overline{AP} \parallel \overline{WS} \rightarrow$ given

$\angle 1 \cong \angle 2 \rightarrow$ alt. int.

\overline{PW} bisects $\angle AWS \rightarrow$ given

$\angle 3 \cong \angle 2 \rightarrow$ bisector creates $2 = \angle 3$

$\angle 1 \cong \angle 3 \rightarrow$ both $\cong \angle 2$



given: S is mdpt of \overline{AK}
 \overline{AK} bisects \overline{WT}

1st step "proof"

$\angle 1 \cong \angle 2 \rightarrow$ vert. \angle 's \cong

S is mdpt of $\overline{AK} \rightarrow$ given

$\overline{AS} \cong \overline{SK} \rightarrow$ mdpt creates 2 = parts

\overline{AK} bisects $\overline{WT} \rightarrow$ given

$\overline{WS} \cong \overline{ST} \rightarrow$ bisector makes 2 = parts

$\triangle AWS \cong \triangle SKT \rightarrow$ SAS